



IPE-381

REGRESSION ANALYSIS

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INTRODUCTION TO REGRESSION ANALYSIS

- Regression analysis is used to:
 - Predict the value of a dependent variable based on the value of at least one independent variable
 - Explain the impact of changes in an independent variable on the dependent variable

Dependent variable: the variable we wish to explain

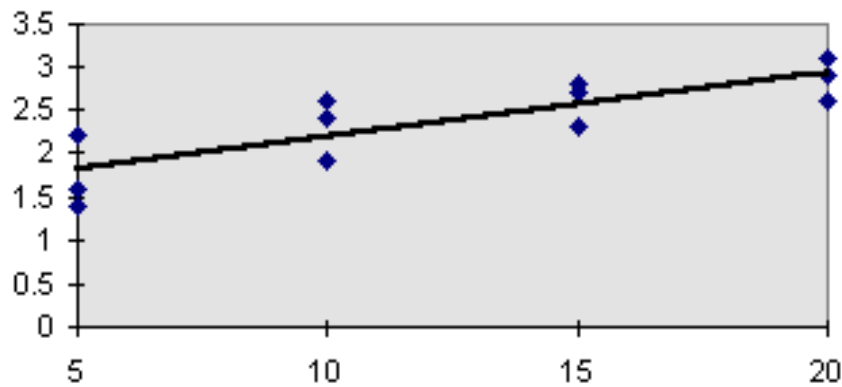
Independent variable: the variable used to explain the dependent variable

SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION MODEL

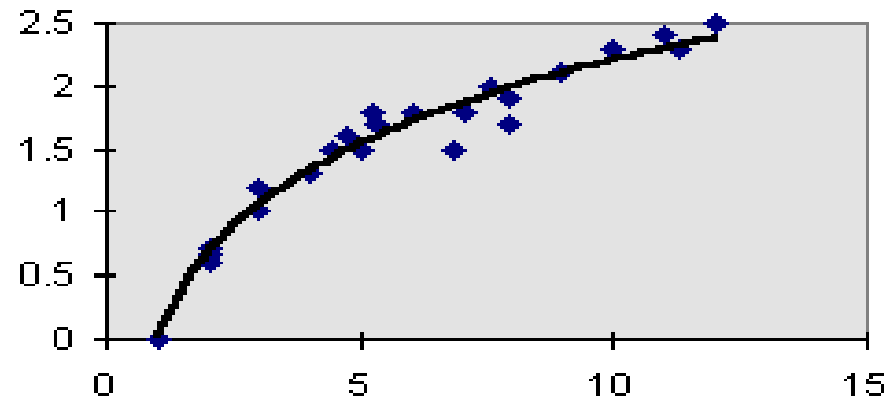
- Only **one** independent variable, x
- Relationship between x and y is described by a linear function
- Changes in y are assumed to be caused by changes in x

TYPES OF RELATIONS IN REGRESSION MODELS

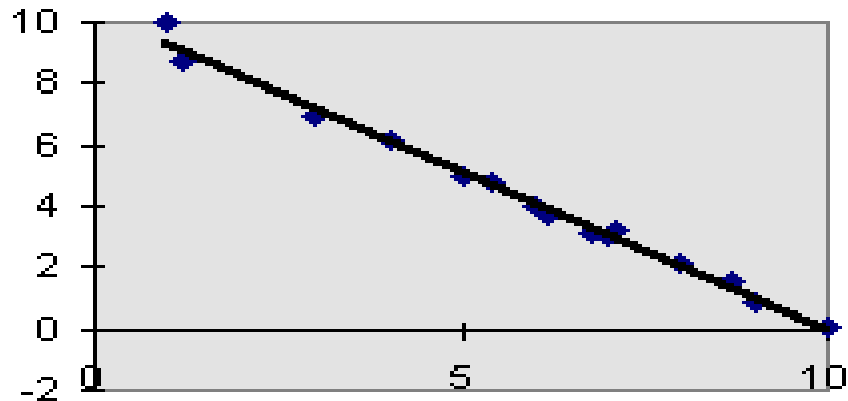
Positive Linear Relationship



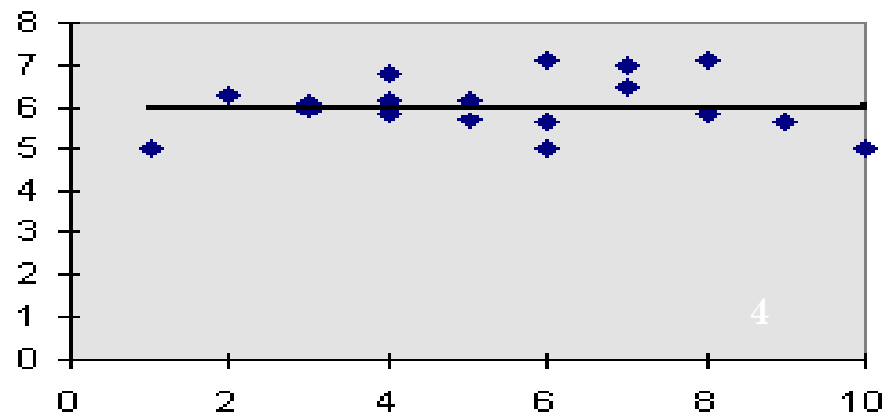
Relationship NOT Linear



Negative Linear Relationship



No Relationship



ESTIMATED REGRESSION MODEL

The sample regression line provides an estimate of the population regression line

$$\hat{y} = a + bx$$

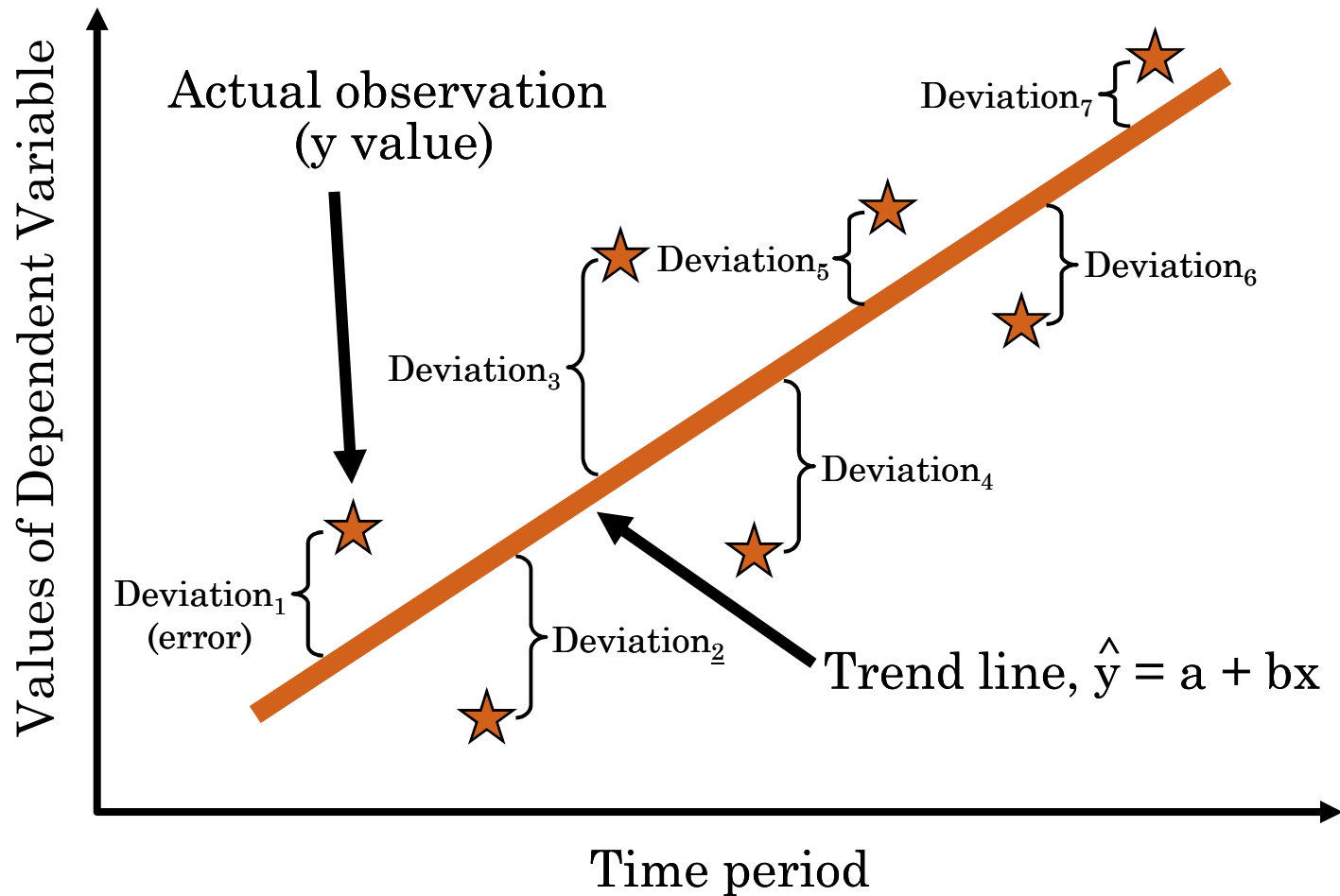
where \hat{y} = computed value of the variable to be predicted
(dependent variable)

a = y-axis intercept

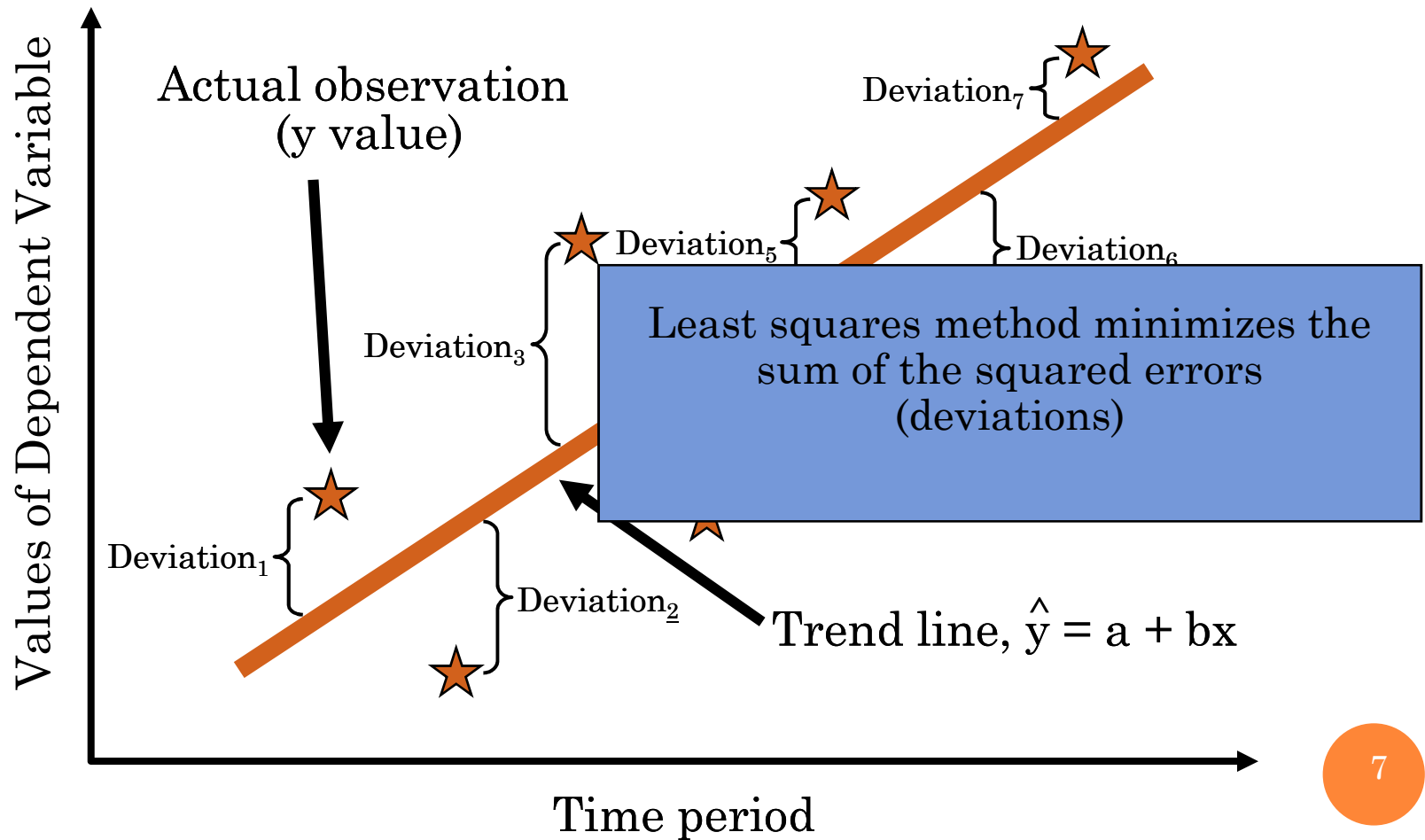
b = slope of the regression line

x = the independent variable

LEAST SQUARES METHOD



LEAST SQUARES METHOD



LEAST SQUARES METHOD

Equations to calculate the regression variables

$$\hat{y} = a + bx$$

$$b = \frac{\Sigma xy - n\bar{x}\bar{y}}{\Sigma x^2 - n\bar{x}^2}$$

$$a = \bar{y} - b\bar{x}$$

SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION EXAMPLE

| Year | Time Period (x) | Electrical Power Demand | x^2 | xy |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 2001 | 1 | 74 | 1 | 74 |
| 2002 | 2 | 79 | 4 | 158 |
| 2003 | 3 | 80 | 9 | 240 |
| 2004 | 4 | 90 | 16 | 360 |
| 2005 | 5 | 105 | 25 | 525 |
| 2005 | 6 | 142 | 36 | 852 |
| 2007 | 7 | 122 | 49 | 854 |
| $\Sigma x = 28$ $\bar{x} = 4$ | | $\Sigma y = 692$ $\bar{y} = 98.86$ | $\Sigma x^2 = 140$ | $\Sigma xy = 3,063$ |

$$b = \frac{\Sigma xy - n\bar{x}\bar{y}}{\Sigma x^2 - n\bar{x}^2} = \frac{3,063 - (7)(4)(98.86)}{140 - (7)(4^2)} = 10.54$$

$$a = \bar{y} - b\bar{x} = 98.86 - 10.54(4) = 56.70$$

SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION EXAMPLE

| Year | Time Period (x) | Electrical Power Demand | x ² | xy |
|------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1999 | 1 | 74 | 1 | 74 |
| | | | 4 | 158 |
| | | | 9 | 240 |
| | | | 16 | 360 |
| | | | 25 | 525 |
| | | | 36 | 852 |
| | | | 49 | 854 |
| | <u>7</u> | <u>692</u> | <u>140</u> | <u>3,063</u> |
| | $\Sigma x = 28$ | $\Sigma y = 692$ | $\Sigma x^2 = 140$ | $\Sigma xy = 3,063$ |
| | $\bar{x} = 4$ | $\bar{y} = 98.86$ | | |

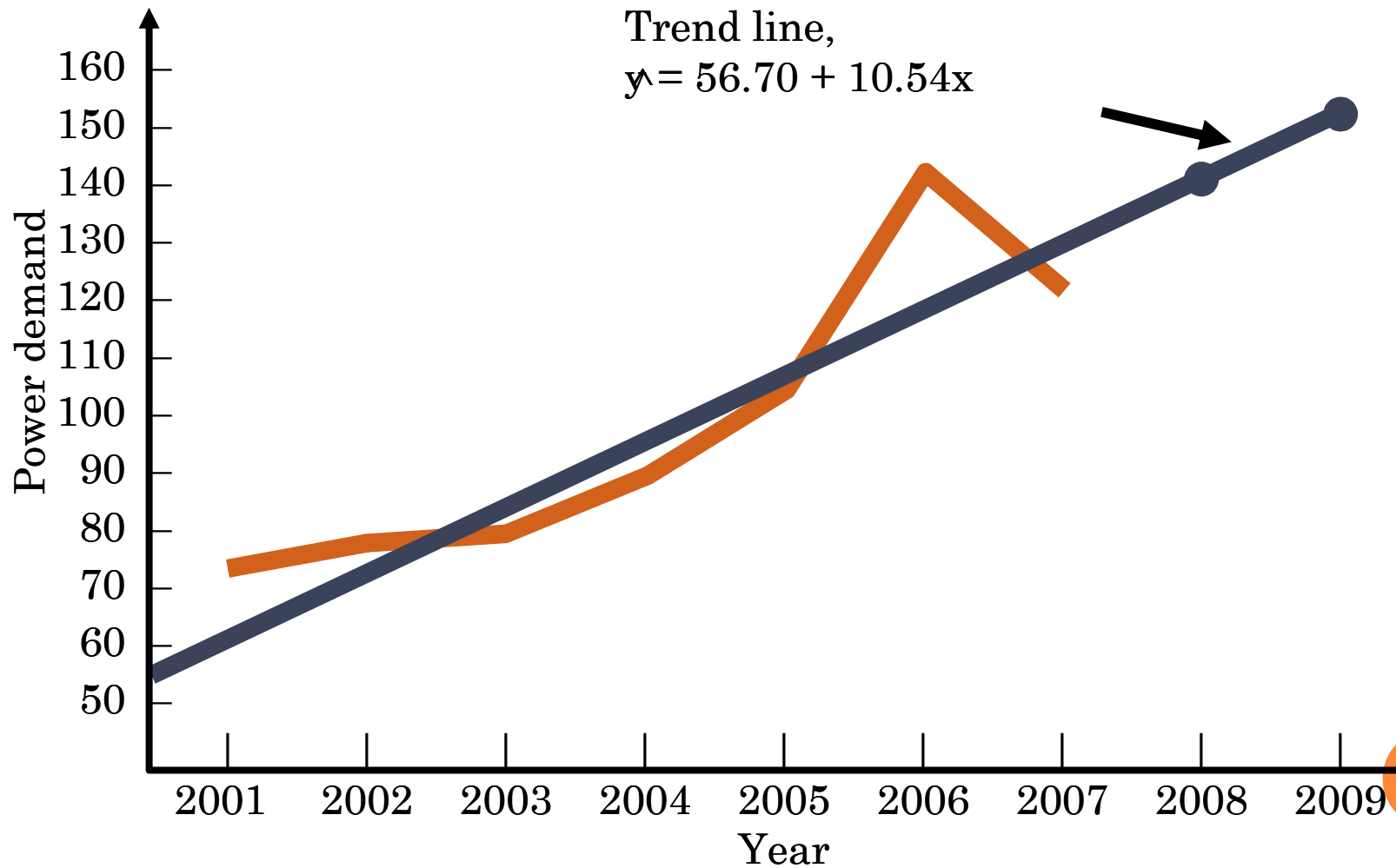
The trend line is

$$\hat{y} = 56.70 + 10.54x$$

$$b = \frac{\Sigma xy - n\bar{x}\bar{y}}{\Sigma x^2 - n\bar{x}^2} = \frac{3,063 - (7)(4)(98.86)}{140 - (7)(4^2)} = 10.54$$

$$a = \bar{y} - b\bar{x} = 98.86 - 10.54(4) = 56.70$$

SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION EXAMPLE



Thank You All